#### §630.912

restore the unused transferred annual leave.

- (e) At the election of the leave donor, unused transferred annual leave restored to the leave donor under paragraph (a) of this section may be restored by—
- (1) Crediting the restored annual leave to the leave donor's annual leave account in the current leave year;
- (2) Crediting the restored annual leave to the leave donor's annual leave account effective as of the first day of the first leave year beginning after the date of election; or
- (3) Donating such leave in whole or part to another leave recipient.
- (f) If a leave donor elects to donate only part of his or her restored leave to another leave recipient under paragraph (e)(3) of this section, the donor may elect to have the remaining leave credited to the leave donor's annual leave account under paragraph (e)(1) or (e)(2) of this section.
- (g) Transferred annual leave restored to the account of a leave donor under paragraph (e) (1) or (2) of this section shall be subject to the limitation imposed by 5 U.S.C. 6304(a) at the end of the leave year in which the restored leave is credited to the leave donor's annual leave account.
- (h) If a leave recipient elects to buy back annual leave as a result of claim for an employment-related injury approved by the Office of Workers' Compensation Programs under 20 CFR 10.202 and 10.310, and the annual leave was leave transferred under §630.906, the amount of annual leave bought back by the leave recipient shall be restored to the leave donor(s).

 $[59~{\rm FR}~67125,~{\rm Dec.}~29,~1994,~{\rm as~amended~at}~61~{\rm FR}~64451,~{\rm Dec.}~5,~1996]$ 

## §630.912 Prohibition of coercion.

- (a) An employee may not directly or indirectly intimidate, threaten, or coerce, or attempt to intimidate, threaten, or coerce, any other employee for the purpose of interfering with any right such employee may have with respect to donating, receiving, or using annual leave under this subpart.
- (b) For the purpose of paragraph (a) of this section, the term "intimidate, threaten, or coerce" includes promising to confer or conferring any ben-

efit (such as an appointment or promotion or compensation) or effecting or threatening to effect any reprisal (such as deprivation of appointment, promotion, or compensation).

## §630.913 Records and reports.

- (a) Each agency shall maintain records concerning the administration of the voluntary leave transfer program and may be required by the Office of Personnel Management to report any information necessary to evaluate the effectiveness of the program.
- (b) Agencies shall maintain the following information:
- (1) The number of applications approved for medical emergencies affecting the employee and the number of applications approved for medical emergencies affecting an employee's family member:
- (2) The grade or pay level of each leave recipient and leave donor, the gender of each leave recipient, and the total amount of transferred annual leave used by each leave recipient; and
- (3) Any additional information OPM may require.

# Subpart J—Voluntary Leave Bank Program

Source: 59 FR 67129, Dec. 29, 1994, unless otherwise noted.

#### §630.1001 Purpose and applicability.

- (a) Purpose. The purpose of this subpart is to establish procedures and requirements for a voluntary leave bank program under which the unused accrued annual leave of an employee may be contributed to a leave bank for use by a leave bank member who needs such leave because of a medical emergency.
- (b) Applicability. This subpart applies to officers and employees—
- (1) To whom subchapter I of chapter 63 of title 5, United States Code applies; and
- (2) Who are employed in agencies and their organizational subunits operating a voluntary leave bank program under this subpart.